

## Trading Policy

The Investment Company Rule claims to adopt written codes of ethics containing provisions that are reasonably necessary to prevent customers and certain other traders from violating these Rules, and maintain records, use reasonable diligence and adopt and implement procedures as reasonably necessary to prevent, detect, and correct violations.

## Violations of the Trading Policy

If the Compliance Team learns of a violation or potential violation of the Trading Policy, it is required to conduct an investigation and, if necessary, accept penalties.

Once the investigation is complete, the Compliance Team will confer on the appropriate or required steps to take in order to determine what type of corrective action is needed.

## Trading Policy Conditions

- Each and every investment is highly speculative, and there is a substantial risk of losing money on any given.
- The Company is not liable for any trading decisions made by the Client, including decisions about opening orders, investing in specific orders, or using trading programs that use automated trading. Only if the company asserts in writing that it accepts the following does it have the authority to acknowledge accepting trading responsibility.
- According to the working regulations, if the Manager is unable to contact the Customer for more than 2 months, the Company reserves the right to temporarily suspend the Customer's trading account or to suspend trading activity, cancel all bonuses given upon cooperation together with the implemented profit, and so on.
- Trading accounts may be assessed an inactivity fee of 30% of their total balance if the rules of the workplace are followed. Your account balance will be depleted every 61 days until you reactivate your account or the balance reaches 0, at which point commissions will be deducted.
- Additional fees and charges may be introduced by the company at any time. Existing fees and charges may also be changed.
- Because almost all trading is done at the customer's request and with the assistance of a personal manager, all accumulated profit may be considered the property of the Company until the orders are closed. All orders must be closed and stated before making any withdrawals or submitting any withdrawal requests. No outgoing transactions can be processed if the account has any open orders.
- Because of the intermediation between the market and the liquidity provider, the quotes provided by the company may differ from those provided by the market. The intermediary party has the option to alter the prices as they see fit. There may be a difference between the open price and the market price because the company works with various liquidity providers.